

# Quantum State Preparation in Microtraps

or

How to move an atom?

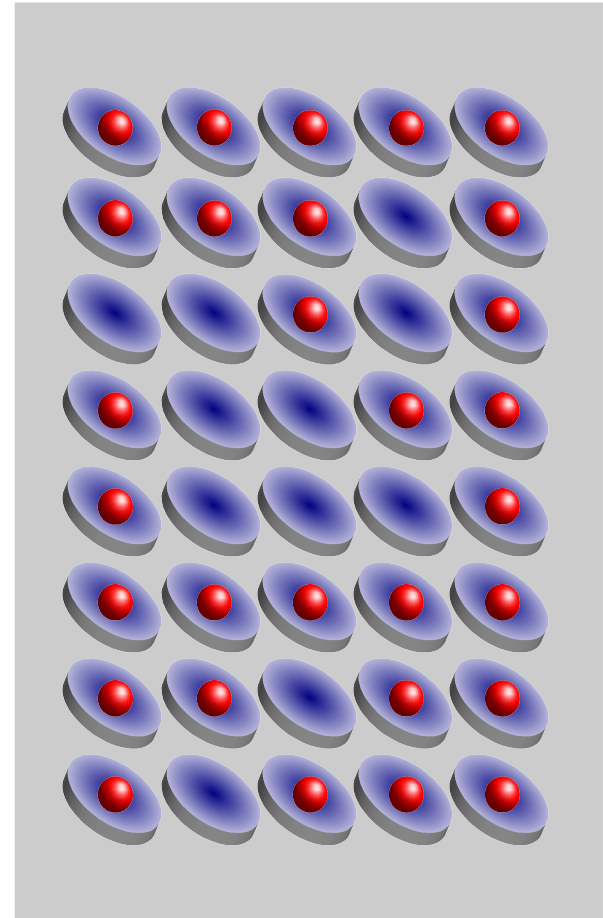
Thomas Busch

Ultracold Quantum Gases Group, UCC



# Motivation

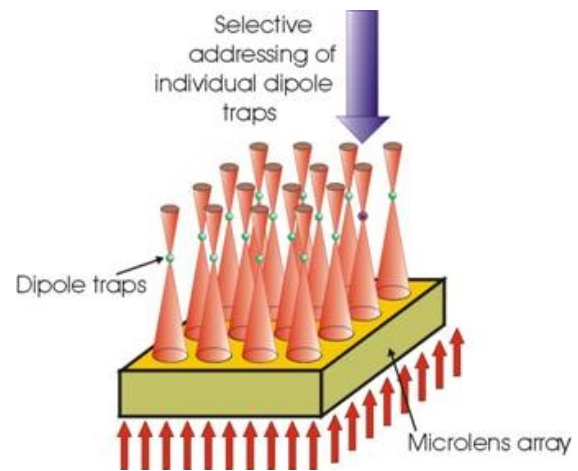
- single trapped neutral atoms are promising systems for observing effects in quantum information
- highly controllable microstraps for single neutral particles are developed in several labs worldwide
- storage, movement and preparation of atoms have to be addressed
- internal state manipulation well known, but *spatial* states to be addressed



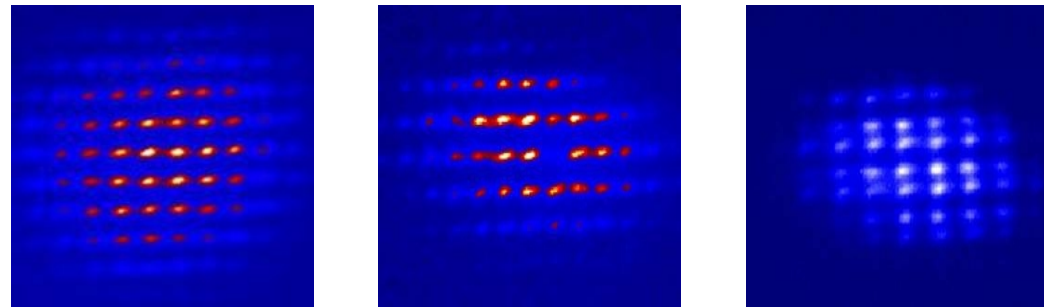
# Overview

- Atom Trapping
- Movement of atoms in microtraps
- Three Level Atom Optics (spatial STIRAP)
- Four Level Atom Optics
- Outlook: Four Level Atom Optics in 2D
- Conclusions

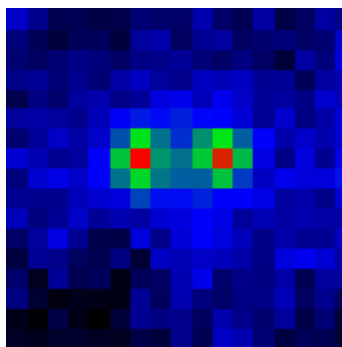
# Experimental Systems



*G. Birkl, TU Darmstadt/ Hannover*

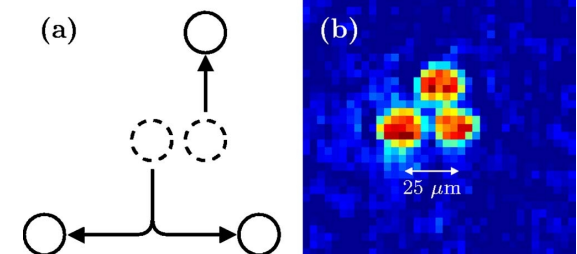
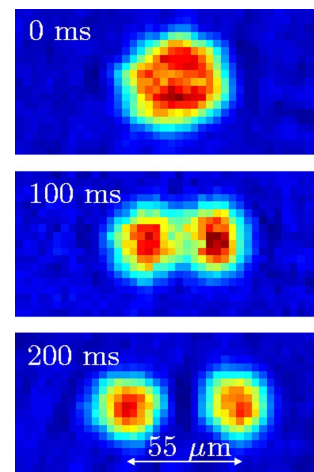


*P. Grangier, CNRS*



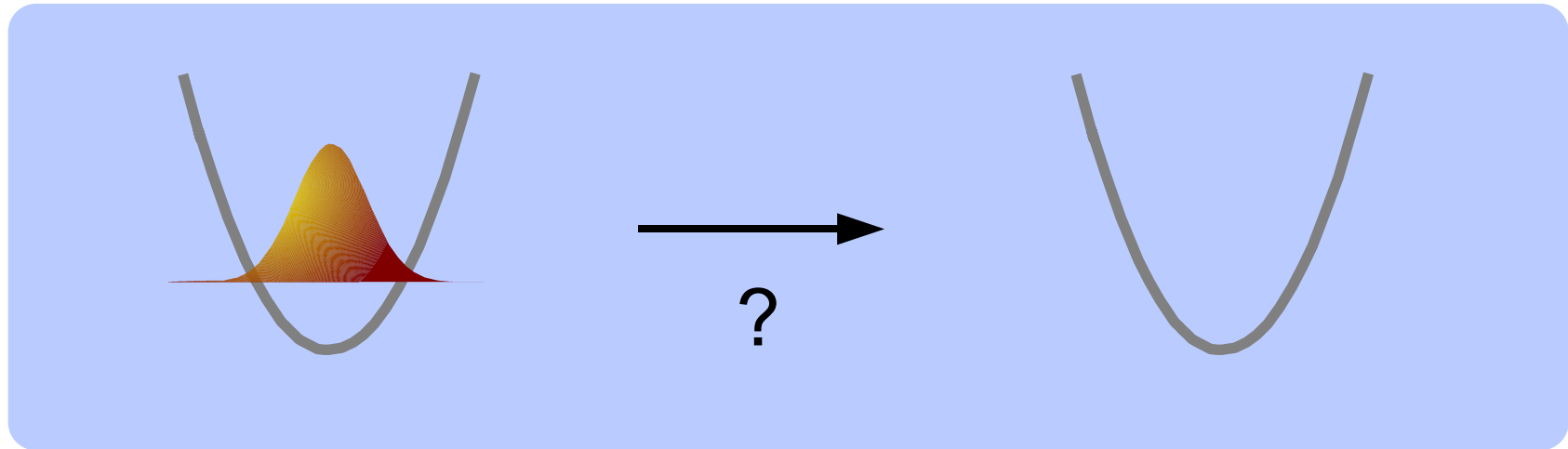
microscopic dipole traps

*C. Foot, Oxford*



diffractive modulators

# How to move an atom?



**Solution:** Tunneling (decrease and increase distance between traps)

**Problem:** Rabi Oscillations

→ success depends on control of three parameters:

$t_i$  interaction time

$t_a$  approach time

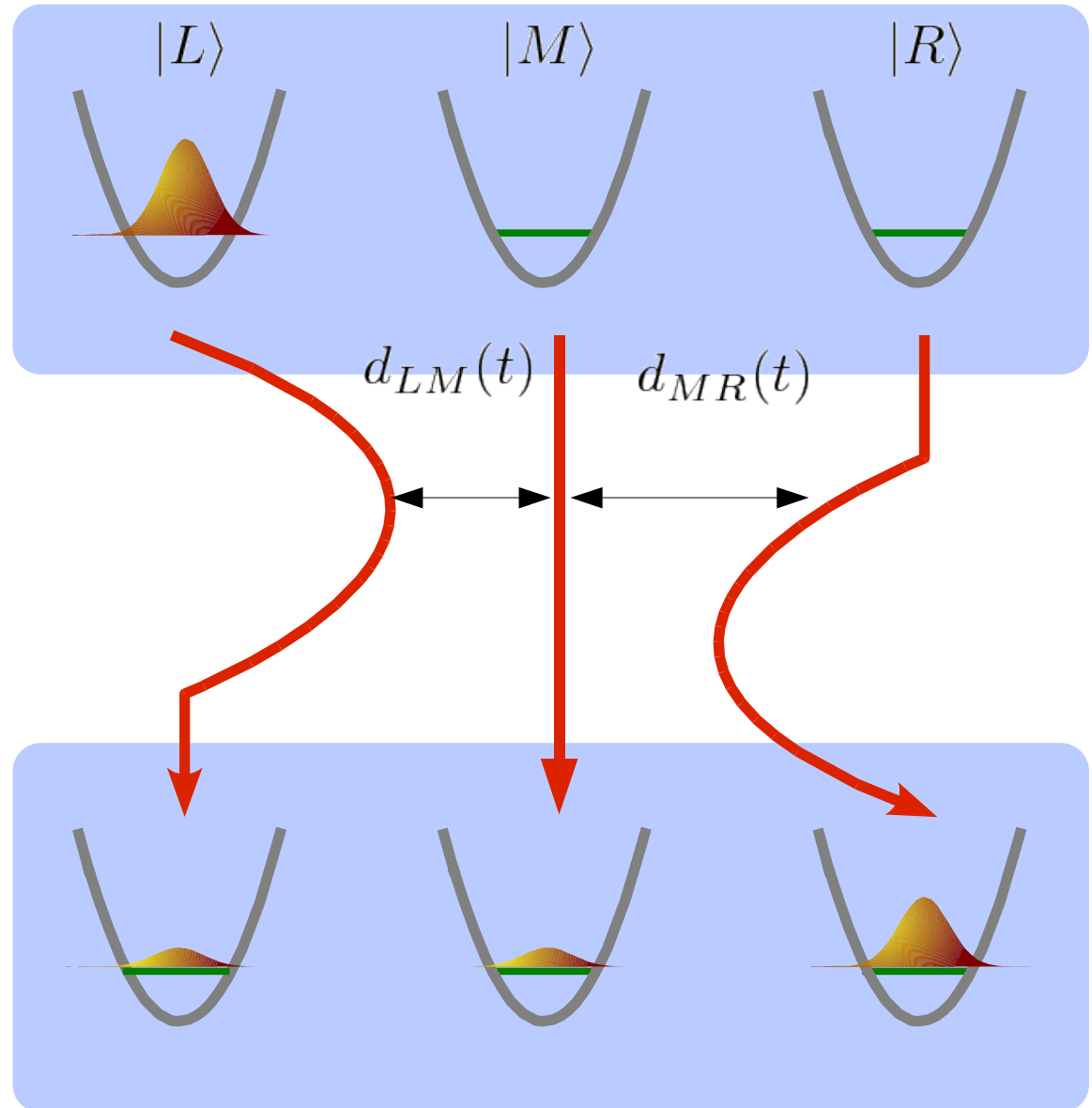
$a_{min}$  minimum distance between traps

→ precise experimental control necessary for high fidelities

# Three-Level Atom Optics

## Sequential Tunneling

→ same problems, only **twice**!



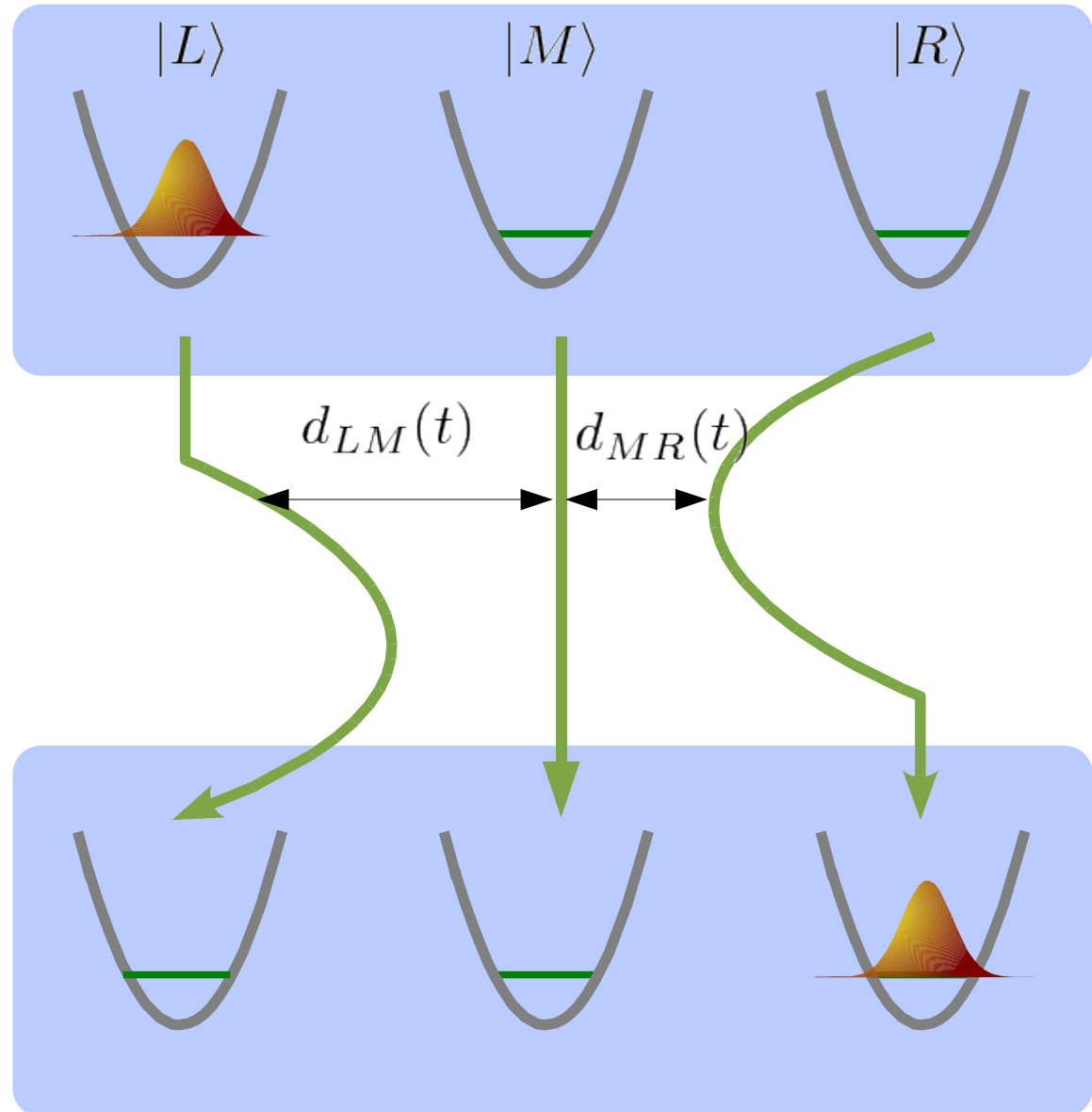
# Three-Level Atom Optics

Eckert *et al.* PRA **70** (2004)

## Counterintuitive Tunneling

→ 100% transfer

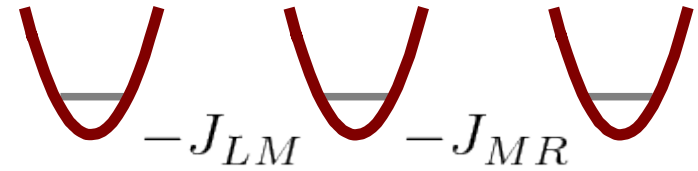
→ never any population in  $|M\rangle$



see also:  
Greentree *et al.*,  
PRB 235317 (2004)

# Three-Level Atom Optics

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -J_{ML} & 0 \\ -J_{LM} & 0 & -J_{MR} \\ 0 & -J_{MR} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

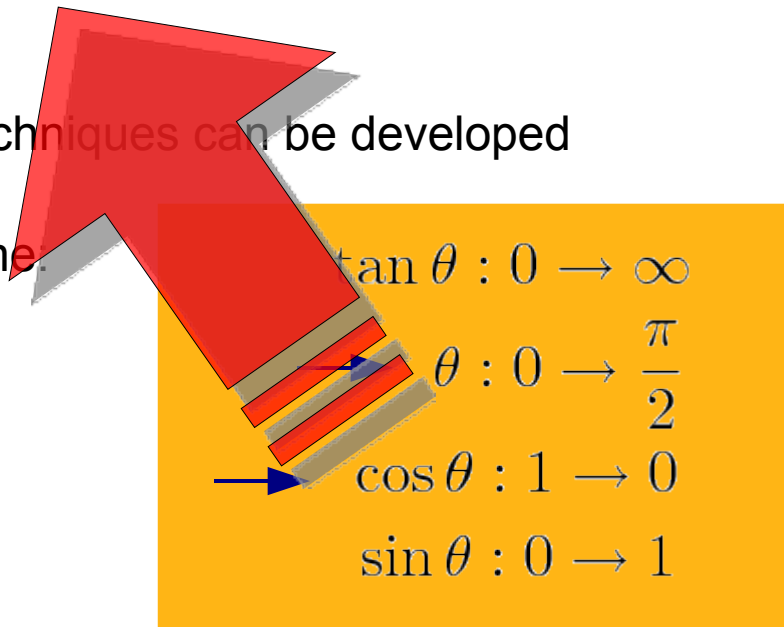


→ three level system possesses *dark state*

$$|\psi(\theta)\rangle = \cos \theta |L\rangle - \sin \theta |R\rangle \quad \tan \theta = \frac{J_{LM}}{J_{MR}}$$

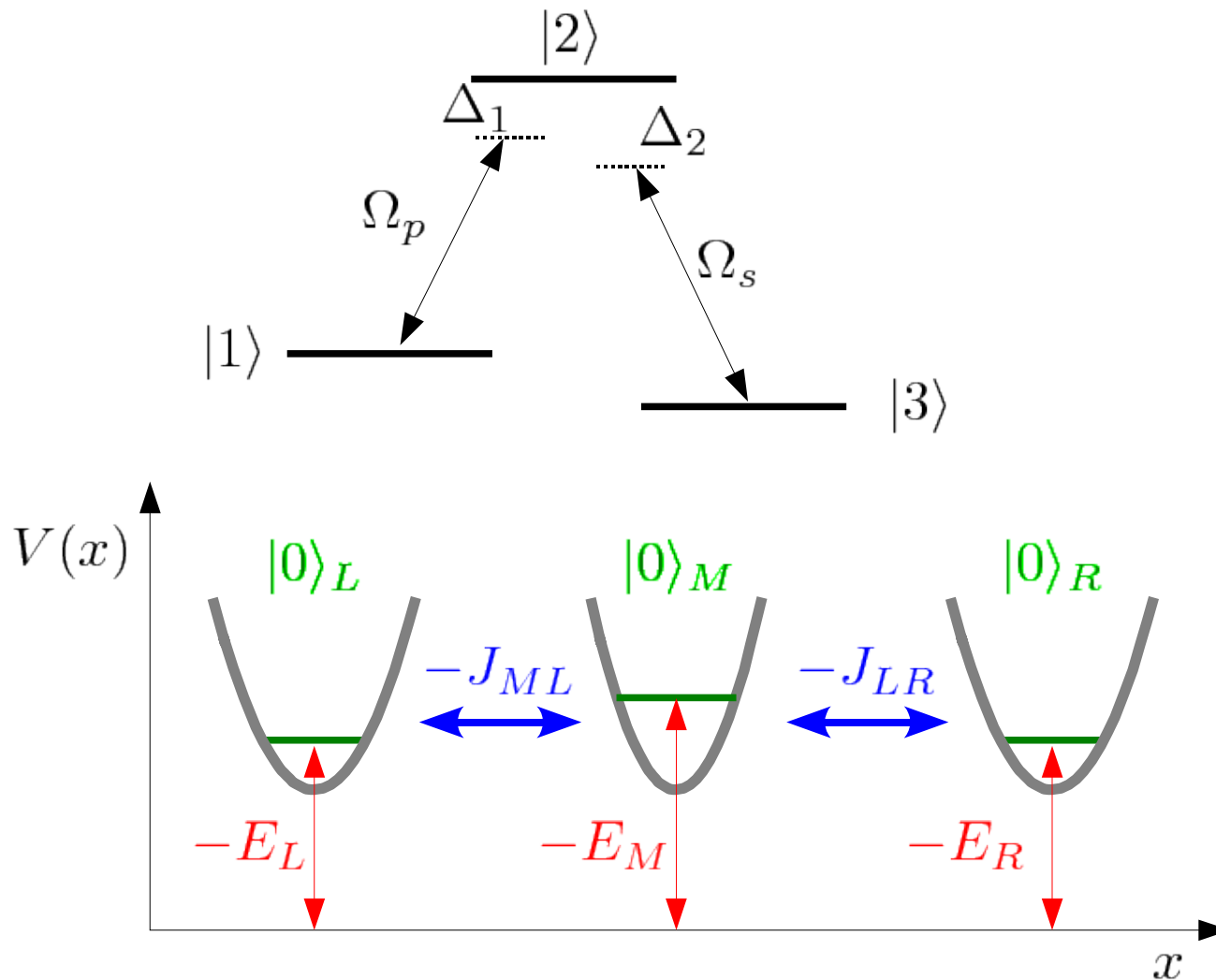
→ STIRAP-like techniques can be developed

Counterintuitive scheme.





# Spatial STIRAP



## States:

$$|1\rangle \hat{=} |0\rangle_L$$

$$|2\rangle \hat{=} |0\rangle_M$$

$$|3\rangle \hat{=} |0\rangle_R$$

## Frequencies:

$$\Omega_p \hat{=} -J_{LM}$$

$$\Omega_s \hat{=} -J_{MR}$$

## Detunings:

$$\Delta_1 \hat{=} E_M - E_L$$

$$\Delta_2 \hat{=} E_M - E_R$$

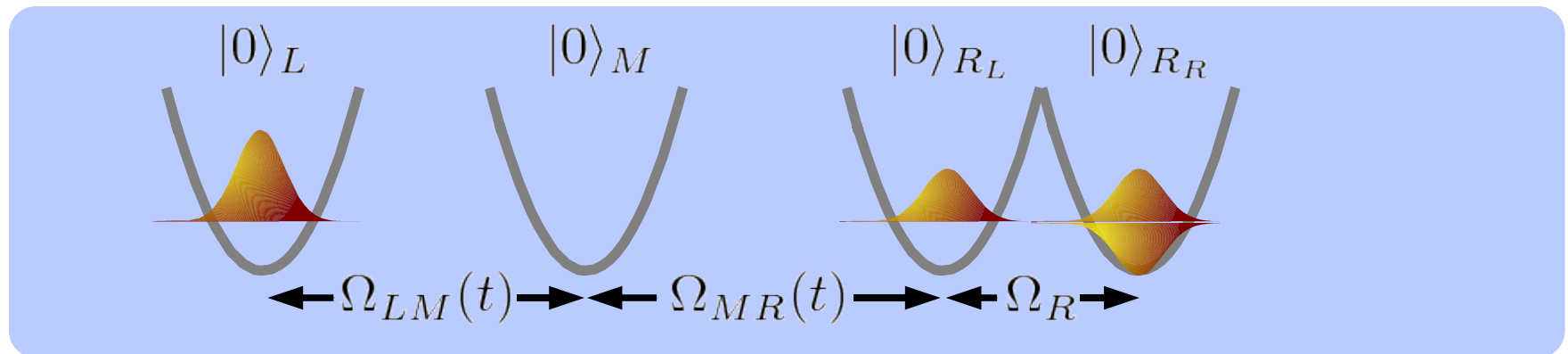
—▶ also: analogues to CPT and EIT can be constructed

# Spatial STIRAP

- Moving an atom through an array of three traps can be easiest done by *first* increasing the transition probability between the two empty traps and then between the middle and the occupied trap
  - *counterintuitive coupling scheme*
- makes use of a *dark state*, that only includes population in two states. No population in the transition state at any point.
  - *valuable in optics to avoid losses due to spontaneous emission*
- translation has to be a zero mode
  - *energy conservation*
- moving is only one aspect, large potential for
  - *quantum state preparation*

# Example: Quantum State Preparation

**Aim:** Create a spatial superposition state with full control over the symmetry



$\rightarrow$  allow for different trapping frequency  $\omega_R$

$$H = \hbar \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\Omega_{LM}(t) & 0 & 0 \\ -\Omega_{LM}(t) & 0 & -\Omega_{MR}(t) & 0 \\ 0 & -\Omega_{MR}(t) & \omega - \omega_R & -\Omega_R \\ 0 & 0 & -\Omega_R & \omega - \omega_R \end{pmatrix}$$

(in terms of the asymptotic ground states of the harmonic traps)

# Double Dark State

→ this Hamiltonian has an eigenstate that is a *double dark state*

$$\begin{aligned} |\phi^\pm\rangle &= \cos\theta|0\rangle_L - \sin\theta \left[ (|0\rangle_{R_L} \pm |0\rangle_{R_R})/\sqrt{2} \right] \\ &= \cos\theta|0\rangle_L - \sin\theta|0\rangle_R^\pm \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan\theta = \sqrt{2} \frac{\Omega_{LM}}{\Omega_{MR}}$$

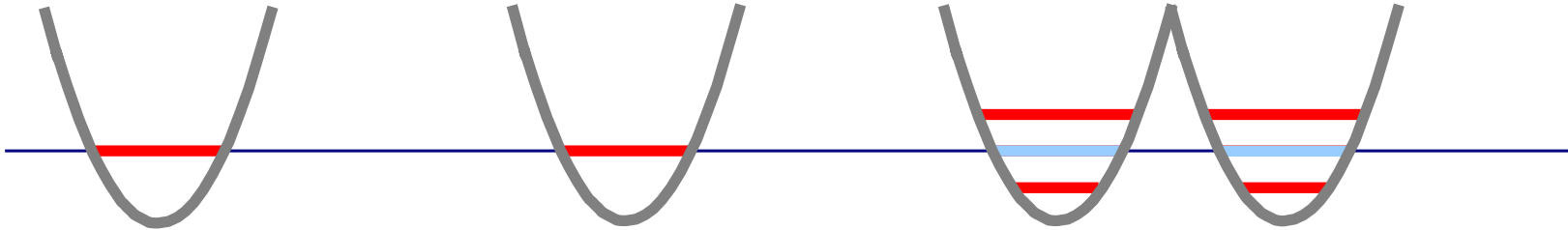
**Condition:**  $\omega - \omega_R = \pm\Omega_R$

→ If the difference in trapping frequency between the traps is equal to the tunnel splitting in the double well trap, a dark state exists.

→ symmetric or antisymmetric state can be chosen by adjusting  $\omega_R$

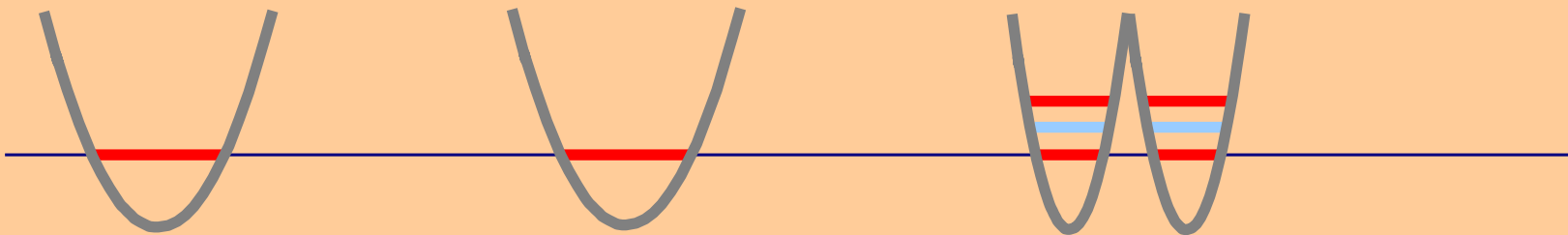
# Double Dark State

For  $\omega = \omega_R$  translation is a zero mode for the asymptotic states:



→ in the double well trap the ground states are the symmetric and anti-symmetric combination: no more zero mode!

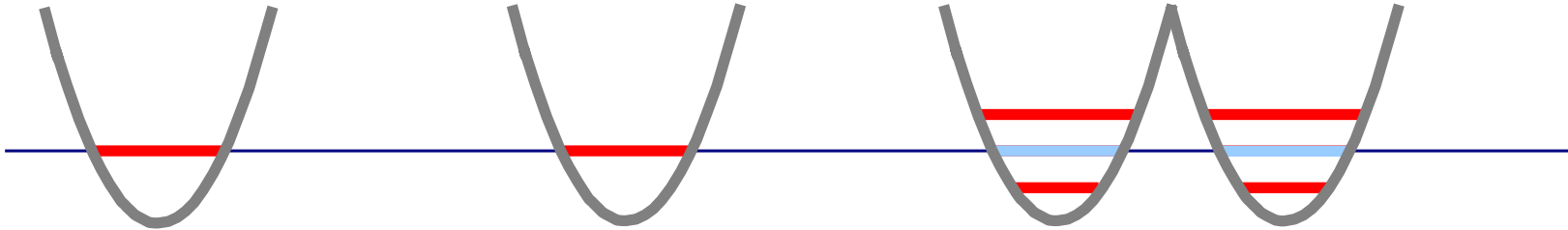
$\omega < \omega_R$



→ *symmetric* state is part of the zero mode and therefore the final state of the STIRAP process!

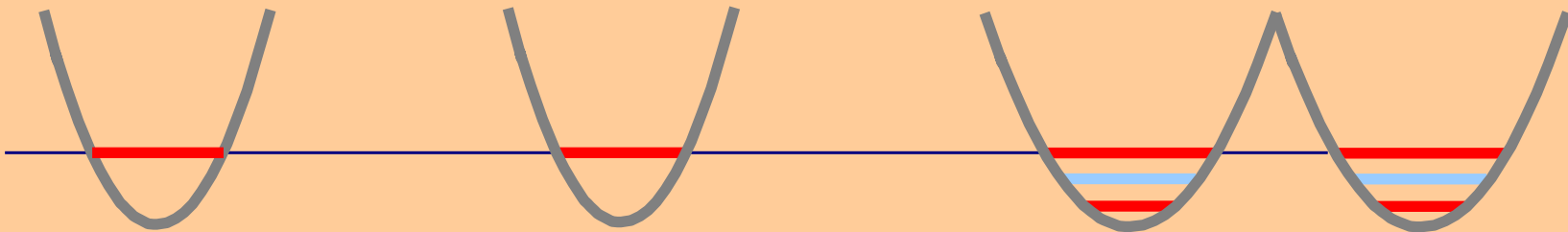
# Double Dark State

For  $\omega = \omega_R$  translation is a zero mode for the asymptotic states:

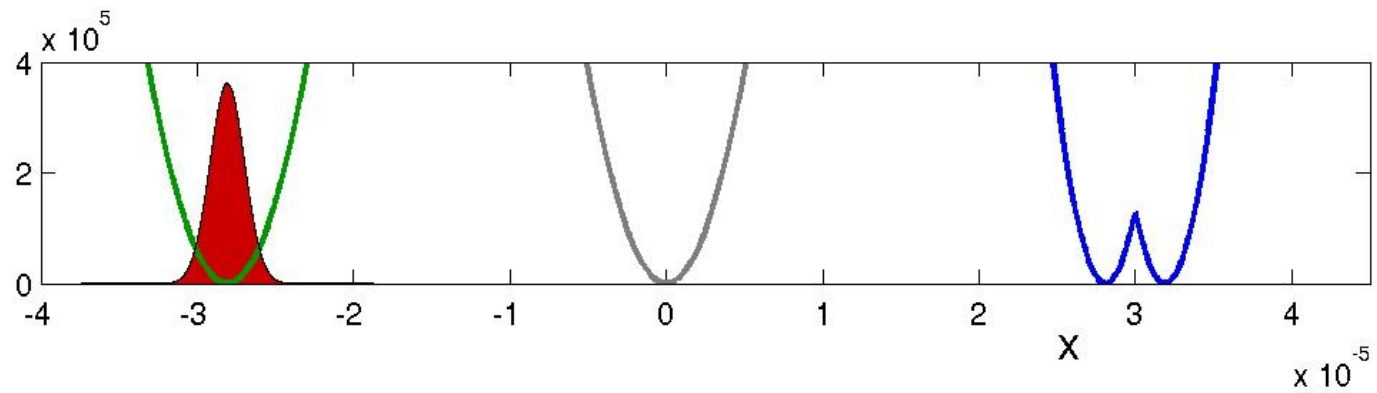
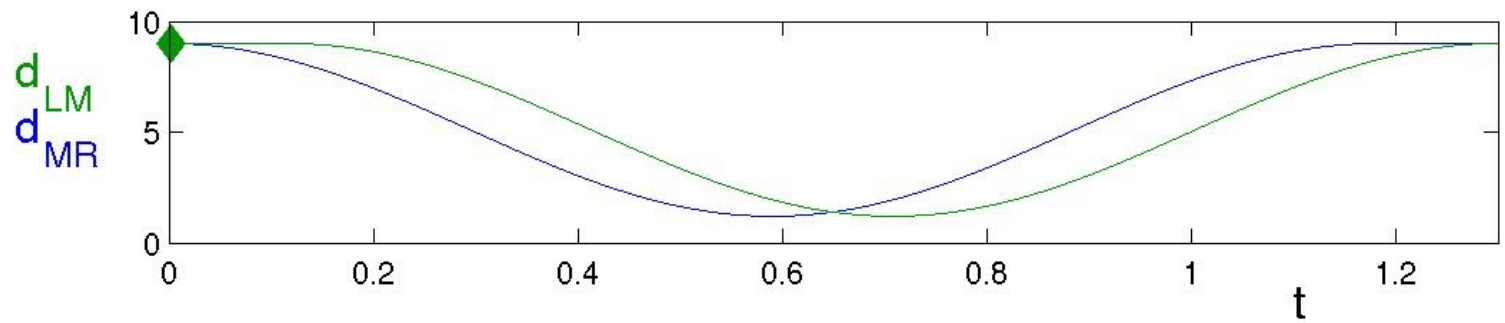
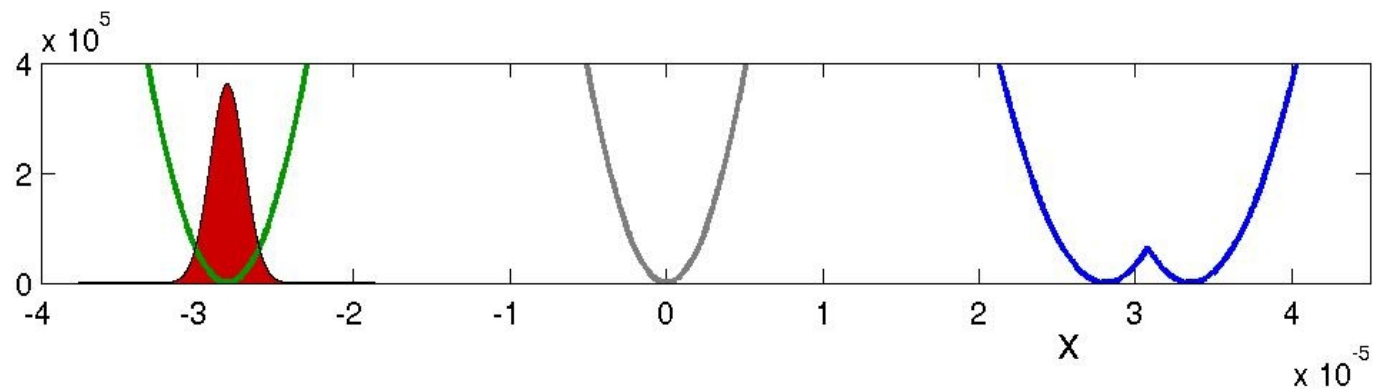


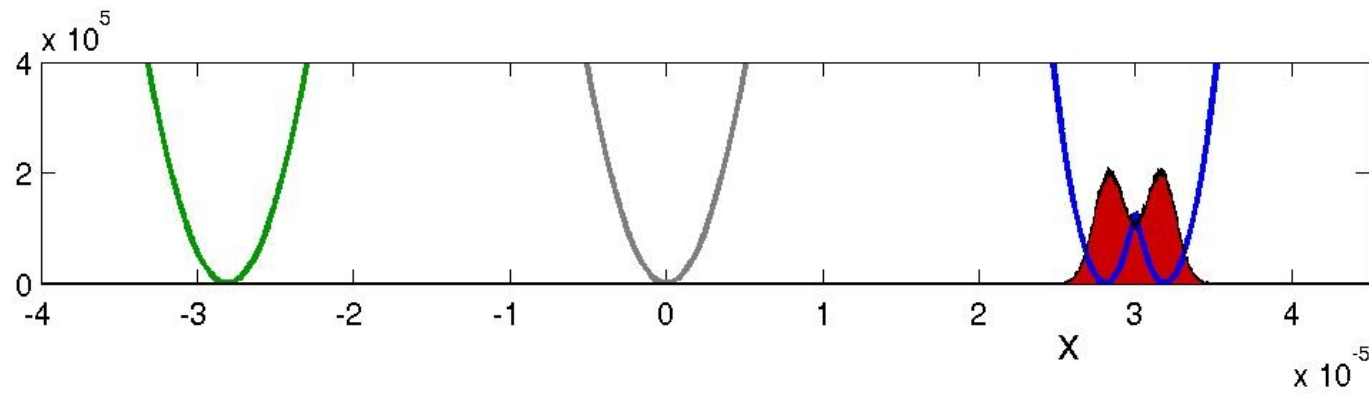
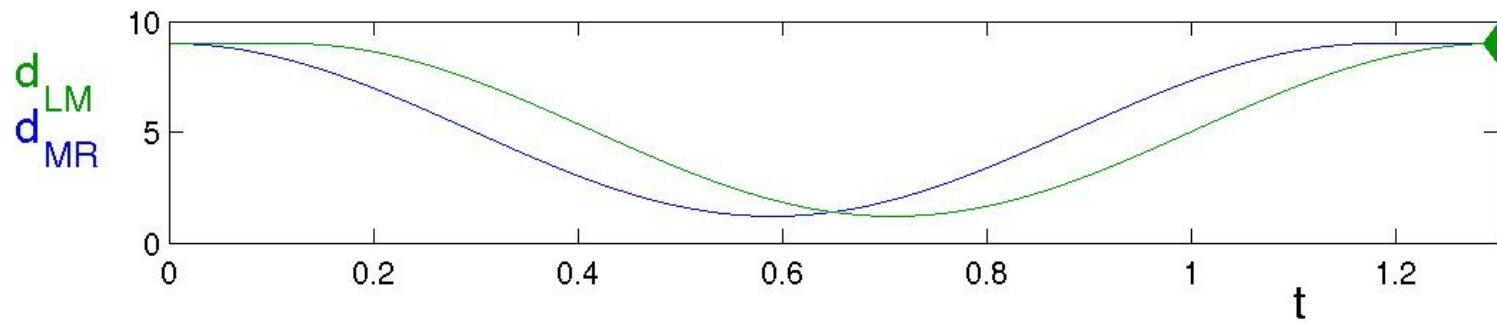
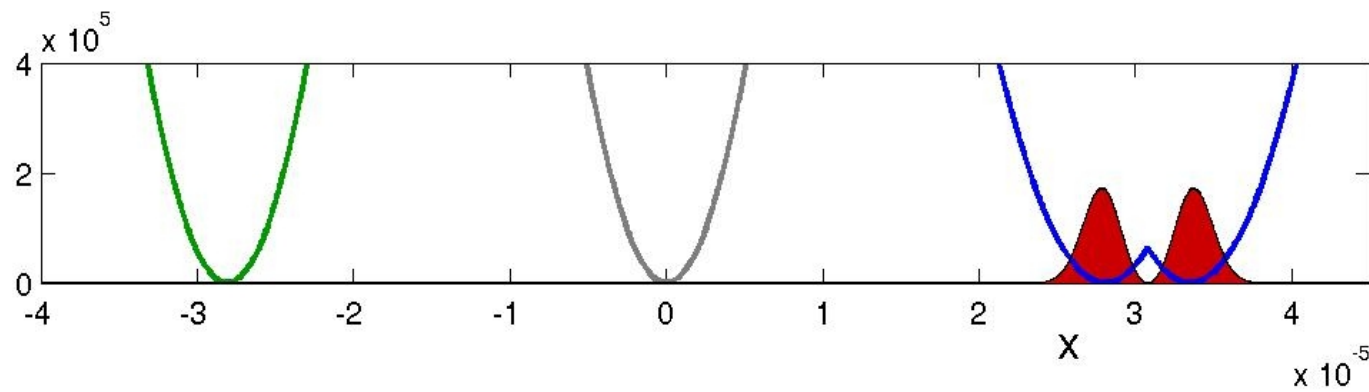
→ in the double well trap the ground states are the symmetric and anti-symmetric combination: no more zero mode!

$\omega > \omega_R$



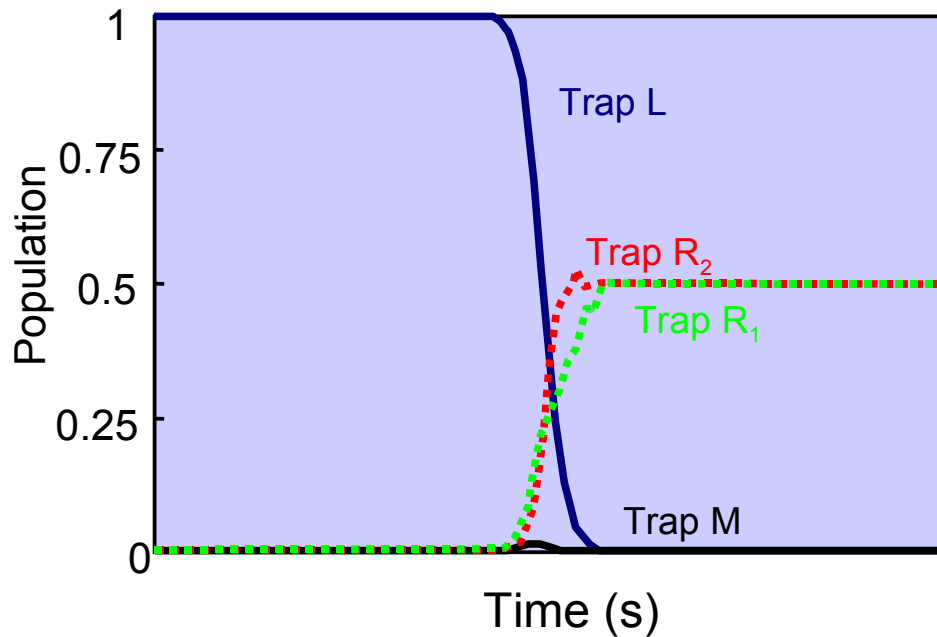
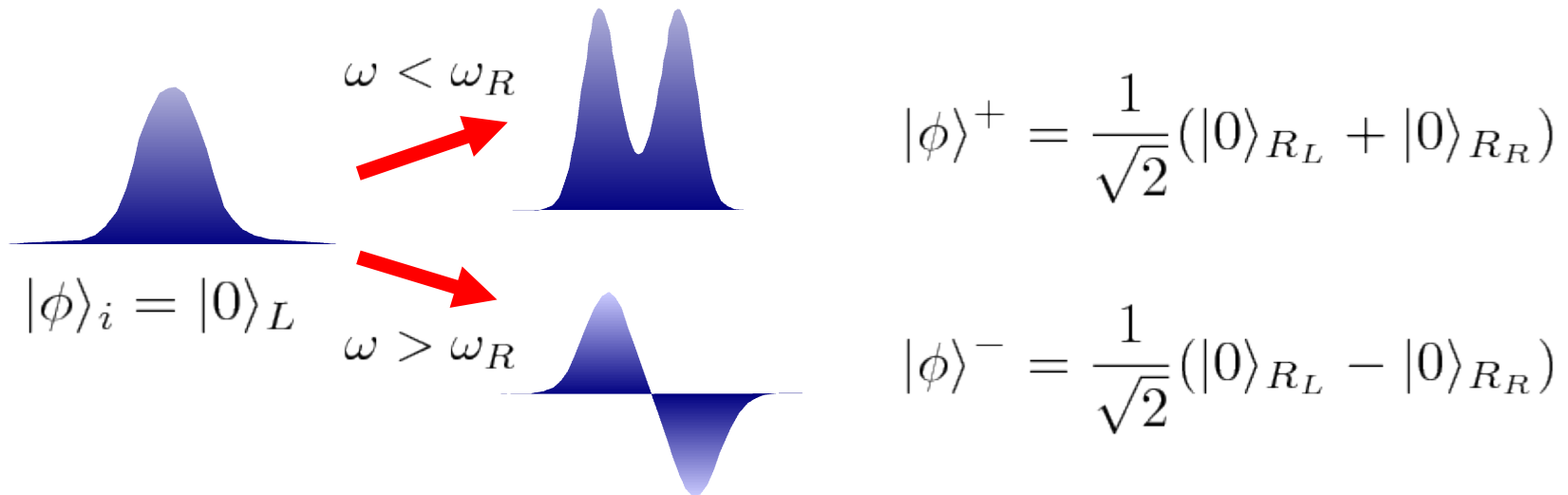
→ *anti-symmetric* state is part of the zero mode and therefore the final state of the STIRAP process!







# Transfer



# Adiabaticity Criteria

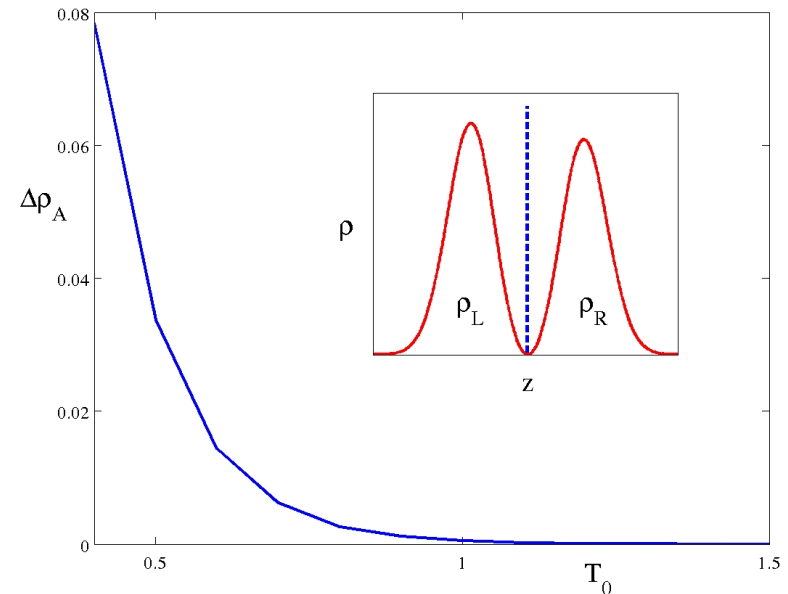
The whole process has to be *adiabatic*:

- 1) Avoid excitations into higher centre-of-mass states:

$$T + \Delta t > \frac{1}{\omega}$$

- 2) Avoid mixing between the symmetric and the antisymmetric state:

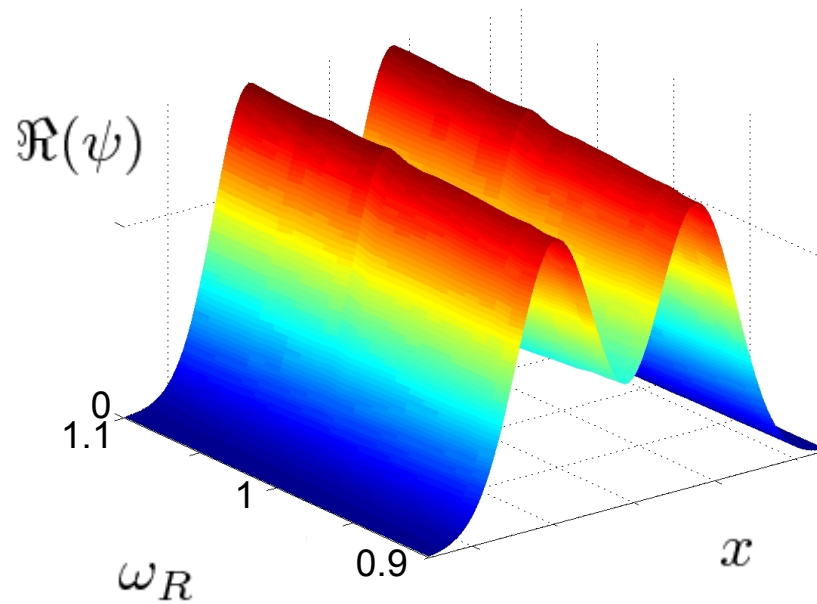
$$T + \Delta t > \frac{1}{\Omega_R}$$



# Stability

## Symmetric State

trapping frequency in double well trap is  $\pm 10\%$  out of resonance

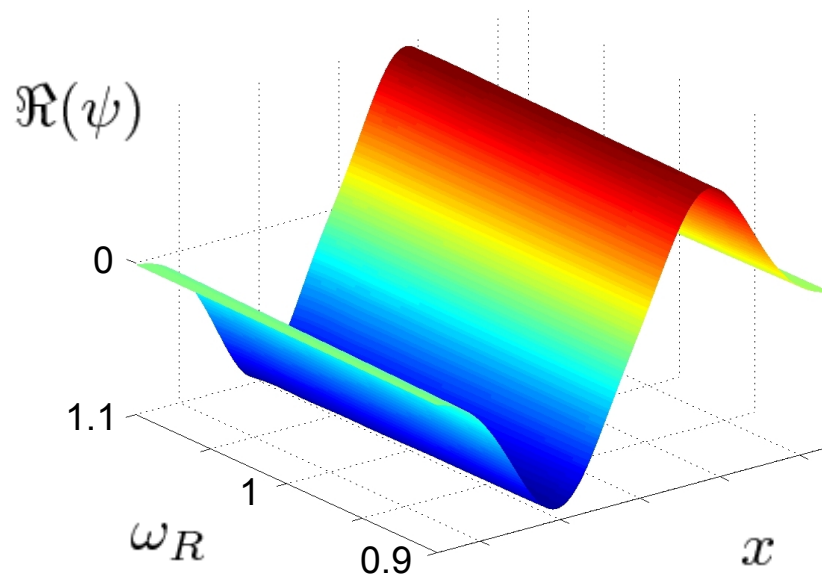


transfer still  $> 99\%$  and symmetry perfectly kept

# Stability

## Anti-symmetric State

trapping frequency in double well trap is  $\pm 10\%$  out of resonance



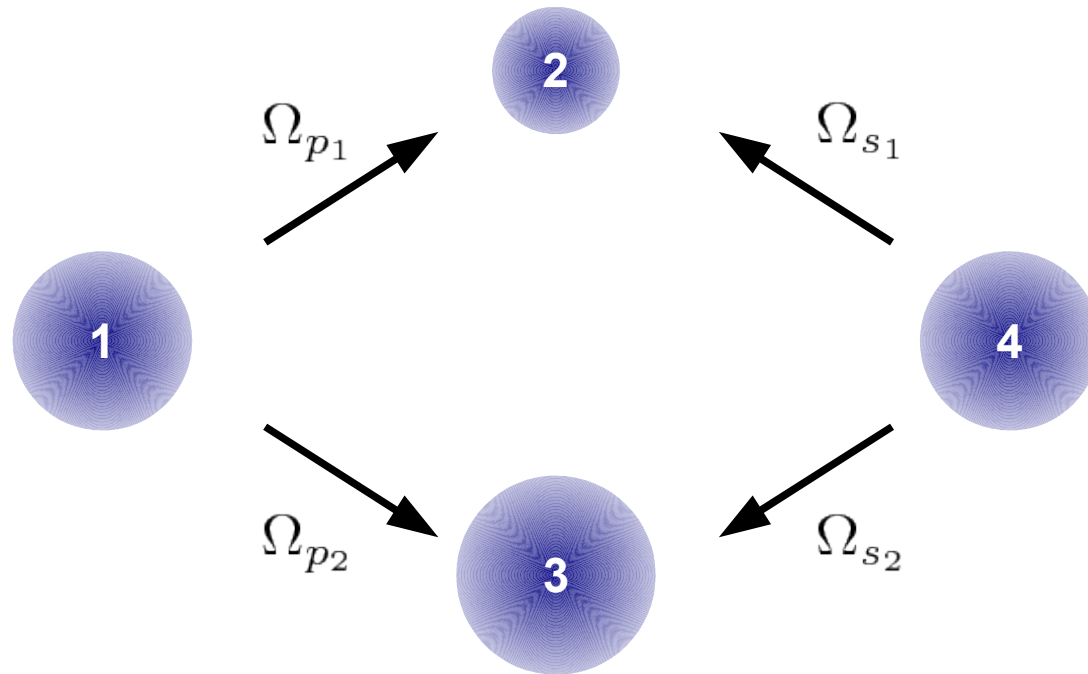
transfer still  $> 99\%$  and symmetry perfectly kept

# Outlook

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \Omega_{p_1} & \Omega_{p_2} & 0 \\ \Omega_{p_1} & -\Delta_1 & 0 & \Omega_{s_1} \\ \Omega_{p_2} & 0 & -\Delta_2 & \Omega_{s_2} \\ 0 & \Omega_{s_1} & \Omega_{s_2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi(\infty)\rangle_{\text{CI}} = \sin \gamma |1\rangle - \cos \gamma |4\rangle$$

$$|\psi(\infty)\rangle_{\text{I}} = -\sin \gamma |1\rangle + \cos \gamma |4\rangle$$



→ any arbitrary superposition state can be prepared

# Collaborators

## Shanghai



**Prof. Shi Qi Jin**

**Prof. Shang Qing Gong**

**Dr. Yue Ping Niu**



## Cork



**Kieran Deasy**

**Dr. Sile Nic Chormaic**

**TB**

# Conclusions

- **Three-Level-Atom Optics** allows for high fidelity manipulations of single atoms using a **counter-intuitive** approach and reproach sequence
- Shown a manipulation scheme to create a *centre-of-mass superposition state* for a single atom in a series of microtraps, with controlled symmetry
- Systems not only robust against experimental uncertainties, but also very robust against noise.
- Complete set of quantum gates can be constructed for centre-of-mass states.

